

VOL. VII.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Physician and Surgeon.

DENTIST.

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

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Drop in Prices!

Light weight Suits for a Trifle.

KAUFMAN & BACHRACH.

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FRESH MEATS.

UNDER TAKERS.

Metallurgic Cases and Caskets.

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CATARH 'CHEAP CHARLEY'S'.

Sanford's Radical Cure.

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REAL ESTATE.

UNIVERSAL HISTORY.

Vinegar Factory.

GOODS AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

READY-MADE CLOTHING.

LAUNDRY AND UNLAUNDRY SHIRTS!

OUR MEASURE ANTI-TAILORING DEPARTMENT!

WHAT THE GENERAL SAID!

COAL OIL STOVES!

COOK STOVES.

WE WILL NOW SELL THE BEST COTTONADE PANTS FOR 25, 50 AND 75 CTS.

WORKING SHIRTS.

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THE DAILY REPUBLICAN.
PUBLISHED BY HANSMEYER & MOSSER, PUBLISHERS.
DROVER, ILLINOIS.
MONDAY, AUGUST 12, 1878.
REPUBLICAN TICKET.
For State Treasurer, J. J. HANSEN.
For State Auditor, J. J. HANSEN.
For State Comptroller, J. J. HANSEN.
For State Surveyor, J. J. HANSEN.
For State Engineer, J. J. HANSEN.
For State Geologist, J. J. HANSEN.
For State Naturalist, J. J. HANSEN.
For State Botanist, J. J. HANSEN.
For State Zoologist, J. J. HANSEN.
For State Entomologist, J. J. HANSEN.
For State Ornithologist, J. J. HANSEN.
For State Fish and Game, J. J. HANSEN.
For State Forestry, J. J. HANSEN.
For State Agriculture, J. J. HANSEN.
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"GRANT THE COMING WAR"
New York, August 10.—Stanley Matthews arrived in town last evening and put up at the Park Avenue Hotel. He started for Newport this evening, and on the 21st inst. goes to Saratoga for the purpose of organizing a National Bar Association. In answer to the question as to what effect he thought Mr. Davis' letter had upon the South, generally, he answered as follows: "Today Mr. Davis' letter is but a repetition of that of 1860. The people of the South have accepted Mr. Hayes' Southern policy, and any further attempts on the part of Mr. Davis to stir up dissensions will prove futile. The fact is quite apparent that the people of the South do not again desire to hear the din of war, but on the contrary will use every effort to frustrate any such movement, as a new party has come to war in the South and, although it appeared at first to be the champion of dissolution, it nevertheless exists and is composed of whites and blacks of both parties. As to the report of Grant, in the event of his re-election, instituting bayonet rule in the South, it is mere nonsense. Should he be re-elected in 1880, he will carry out to a letter Hayes' policy. He is the coming man, and strongest in the field, no doubt. Tilden is the strongest man in the Democratic party, and should he run, his defeat will be so overwhelming that no certificate of returning board will be necessary to confirm the fact."

TELEGRAPHIC BULLDOZING.
THE ARKANSAS PLAN.
Yellow Fever News.
The Dye Melady Still Spreading.
STANLEY MATTHEWS ON GRANT.
MEMPHIS, August 10.—A special correspondent of the *Avant*, from Helena, Ark., writes in reference to the brazen attempt at bull-dozing there as follows: "Being in a position to know the facts, I can deny the statement of the editor of the *World*. From personal observation and conversation with some of the more violent leaders, they propose by force of arms to prevent a large majority of negroes voting against their ticket. In order to be sure it has been freely asserted that all ballots will be examined, and if not favorable to the Bourbon ticket they will not be allowed east. There being but one newspaper here, extreme Bourbon, and one opposition job office, the Bourbons have attempted to block the game by forbidding this job office printing tickets for the Republicans. A non-combatant and poor man is forbidden to do certain legitimate work, yet they don't propose rewarding him for any losses he may sustain. Wholesale proscription is the rule here, and the result of the next election in this country will place a minority as one to four in power without opposition. The *World* publishes soft soap addresses to the colored voters, exhorting them to join the Democratic party, and guaranteeing a free expression of opinion at the ballot-box, while to hear a squad of this clique chucking over their *comp de ball*, you would think the negro was to be stripped of every right guaranteed by the amendments. The Republicans will go to the polls, but the victory of Bourbonism in this country will prove its death. The Nationals are growing in strength, although there is no organization; but no doubt there will be soon, when the Republicans will make common cause against the old fossil Bourbon, and crush it to earth, never again to rise. But little sympathy is felt for the present incumbents, who are, with one exception, negroes, and 'tis true that one exception, worthy gentlemen; but, to their shame and future defeat for any office, they permit and aid in terrorizing the county, to the detriment of emigration and general trade."

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., Aug. 10.—News has reached this city that Hon. O. V. Smith, of Lawrence county, State Senator from the Forty-fifth District, in Southern Illinois, committed suicide on the 5th instant, by swallowing two ounces of laudanum. Mr. Smith was elected State Senator by the Democrats in 1874, and his term would have expired in January next. He was a native of Ohio, aged 38. He had been County Superintendent of Schools and County Treasurer of Lawrence county. The cause of his suicide is thus explained: "In closing up his affairs as County Treasurer, four years ago, he was found to be a defaulter. The amount was immediately made good by himself, his father and his bondsmen, the whole affair considered amicably arranged. No criminality on his part was charged even by his enemies, but careless business habits were considered the cause, it appearing that important vouchers had never been taken, or if taken, lost. It now transpires that some personal enemy has appeared before the grand jury recently, and a true bill of indictment was found against him. It is supposed that he in some way obtained knowledge of this, and hence his rash act of self-destruction."

NEW ORLEANS, August 10.—New cases 35; deaths 8. New cases for the week, 253; deaths of the week, 66; total cases to date, 466; total deaths, 128. Included in the 466 cases reported are 121 children under 10 years, and 19 colored persons.
The *Evening Times* publishes a statement by Dr. Merckler, to-day, in the office of the board of health, that he has been invited by another physician to look at a case of yellow fever of a child born in New Orleans and which had never left the city. He had seen the child and found that it was suffering from a severe case of malarial fever, though it was reported at the office of the board of health as a yellow fever case. Dr. Merckler states that he has practiced here since 1841. In 1853, while in charge of the Circus Street Infirmary, he had 350 cases at one time in that institution. Therefore he thinks he has some experience, but he declares most emphatically that he has never yet seen a child, born here, residing here all the time, attacked by yellow fever.
The quarantines around New Orleans has brought business almost to a stand still.
NEW ORLEANS, August 11.—New cases, 22; deaths 14. At Port Eads, to date, 25 cases and 5 deaths are reported.

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Children's carriages, from two dollars up, at Ashby's. [June 11-d&w]

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PARIS, Aug. 10.—The session of the International Monetary Conference opened to-day. Leon Say was elected President, on motion of Reuben E. Fenton. After the nomination of the Secretaries and the delivery of a short address of welcome by the President, Mr. Fenton briefly explained the objects of the conference; thanked the Powers who responded to the appeal of the United States, and hoped the distinguished men taking part in the conference would facilitate the accomplishment of the work, which would further the peaceful interests of the world.
Several members not having yet arrived, the conference adjourned for a few days.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 11.—The Colored Men's Protective Union has issued an address to the colored people of Louisiana, setting forth that, in view of the fact that prominent colored men have not received adequate recognition at the hands of the national administration, that colored men should make a manly and determined effort to secure and enjoy the benefits legitimately flowing from existing relations, or from new ones suggested by their circumstances and dictated by interest. They complain of the abandonment of the Pack and government, and their exclusion from federal offices, which they regard as an exhibition of hypocrisy and ingratitude. In conclusion the address says: "Dark and discouraging as the prospect may look, there is reason for hope, if we do not sear and become demoralized. We, therefore, with the best interests of our race and people in view, appeal to all colored men to consider our situation and each to do his utmost to secure unity among our people in the present crisis. If prudent counsels prevail, our people may profitably accept the situation, and so pass through the present ordeal that as a race we may expect to enter upon a new and higher plane, both of observation and action." The address bears 100 signatures, including ex-State Superintendent of Education Brown and Capt. Peter Joseph, Republican Presidential Elector.

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